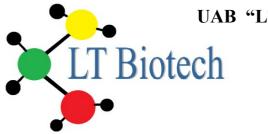
## **UAB "LT Biotech"**



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## Trypsin-EDTA (0.05 %) in DPBS (1x) LTDe02

#### **General Information**

Trypsin-EDTA solutions are used to detach adherent cells from culture surfaces. They are composed of natural porcine pancreas-derived trypsin and EDTA. The concentration of trypsin necessary to dislodge cells from their substrate is dependent primarily on the cell type and the age of the culture. Various formulations should be tested to determine the best product for a specific application.

Appearance	Clear frozen liquid	
Storage and shelf life	Store at ≤-15°C.	
	Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. Preparation of aliquots recommended. Once	
	opened, store at +4°C and use within 2-4 weeks.	
Shipping conditions	Frozen (Dry ice)	
Thawing	+37°C water bath or overnight at +2°C to +8°C. Swirl gently to homogenize.	

#### **Formulation**

Components	mg/l
EDTA 4Na	220
KCI	200
KH <sub>2</sub> PO <sub>4</sub>	200
NaCl	8000
Na <sub>2</sub> HPO <sub>4</sub>	1150
Trypsin	500

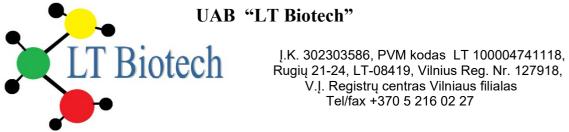
### Instructions for Use

Detachment of adherent cells using Trypsin-EDTA

Trypsin-EDTA (0.05%) in DPBS (1x) solution is supplied as a sterile, ready-to-use, frozen liquid. This entire procedure should be done in a laminar flow hood using proper as eptic technique.

- 1. Carefully aspirate all of the media from the cell culture flask.
- 2. Rinsecells with Ca<sup>2+</sup> and Mg<sup>2+</sup>-freesalt solution (see related products), aspirate, and discard.
- $3. \quad \text{Prewarmthetryps} in solution in a + 37 ^{\circ} \text{Cwaterbath}. Addenoughtryps in solution to completely cover the cells.}$
- 4. Incubatetheflaskat+37°C, or formore sensitive cultures, atroom temperature or +2°C to +8°C.
- 5. When the trypsinization process is complete, cells will appear rounded upon microscopic examination and the solution in the flask will appear cloudy. Check the flask often to avoid overexposure. Trypsin can cause cellular damage and time of exposure should be kept to a minimum.
- 6. The time required to detach cells from the culture surface is dependent on the cell type, the age of the culture, population density, serum concentration in the growth medium and time since last subculture.

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- 7. Neutralize tryps in either with serum containing medium or tryps in inhibitor. Gently centrifuge the cell suspension and the containing medium or tryps in inhibitor. Gently centrifuge the cell suspension and the containing medium or tryps in inhibitor. Gently centrifuge the cell suspension and the containing medium or tryps in inhibitor. Gently centrifuge the cell suspension and the containing medium or tryps in inhibitor. Gently centrifuge the cell suspension and the containing medium or tryps in inhibitor. Gently centrifuge the cell suspension and the containing medium or tryps in inhibitor. Gently centrifuge the cell suspension and the containing medium or tryps in inhibitor. Gently centrifuge the cell suspension and the containing medium or tryps in inhibitor. Gently centrifuge the cell suspension and the containing medium or tryps in inhibitor. Gently centrifuge the cell suspension and the containing medium or tryps in inhibitor. Gently centrifuge the cell suspension and the centrifuge the cell suspension and the centrifuge the centrdiscard the trypsin-containing supernatant.
- Resuspend the cell pellet with fresh medium and count or culture as desired.8.

### **Precautions and Disclaimer**

This product is for research use only.